Save our Ocean,













Manta Rays

MUDULU SU.

BENEFITS

Manta rays are a carbon fixer. As a filter-feeding animal, their diets consist largely of zooplankton that absorbs atmospheric carbon dioxide. Watching manta rays through sustainable ecotourism brings economic growth to local communities.

THREATS



Plastic pollution



Destructive fishing

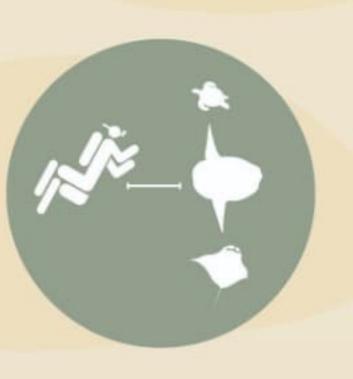


Climate change

HOW YOU CAN HELP



Don't touch them!



Keep your distance!



Stop plastic pollution



Read the code of conduct bit.ly/NusaPenidaETP

(Chelonia mydas)

BENEFITS

Green sea turtles are worth more alive than dead. When they graze, they increase the productivity and nutrient content of seagrass blades. Sea turtle sightings can generate ecotourism revenue for coastal communities.



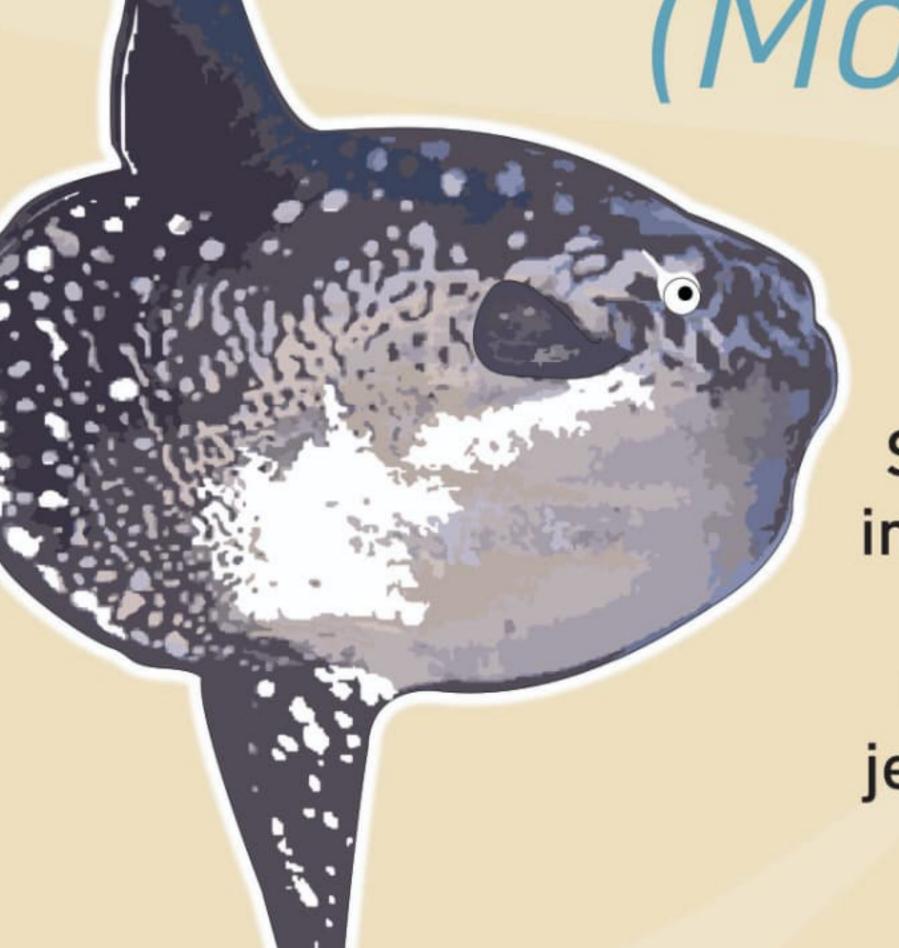
- Law No. 5 of 1990 Concerning Conservation of Living Natural Resources and its Ecosystem.
- Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fisheries Decree No. 4 of 2014 Concerning the Determination of Full Protection Status for Manta Rays.





Sunfish

(Mola alexandrini)



BENEFITS

Sunfish, or mola, is an umbrella species that indirectly protect the many other species that comprise its ecosystem. They help maintain jellyfish populations in times when jellyfish blooms pose a threat to our fisheries and tourism industry. They also bring in tourist seeking the beloved sunfish in their natural habitat.

SIGHTING POINTS

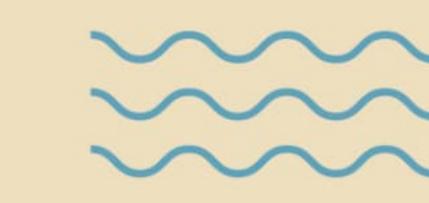
: Mola

: Manta

: Sea Turtle **NESTING AREA**

: Sea Turtle

Manta Bay



Manta Point

Batu Abah